Package 'mosaics'

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Description

This package provides functions for fitting MOSAiCS, a statistical framework to analyze onesample or two-sample ChIP-seq data.

License GPL (>= 2)

URL http://groups.google.com/group/mosaics_user_group

LazyLoad yes

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R topics documented:

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mosaics-package

MOSAiCS (MOdel-based one and two Sample Analysis and Inference for ChIP-Seq)

Description

This package provides functions for fitting MOSAiCS, a statistical framework to analyze onesample or two-sample ChIP-seq data.

Details

Package:	mosaics
Type:	Package
Version:	1.4.1
Date:	2012-06-30
License:	GPL (>= 2)
LazyLoad:	yes

This package contains three main classes, BinData, MosaicsFit, and MosaicsPeak, which represent bin-level ChIP-seq data, MOSAiCS model fit, and MOSAiCS peak calling results, respectively. This package contains four main methods, constructBins, readBins, mosaicsFit, and mosaicsPeak. constructBins method constructs bin-level files from the aligned read file. readBins method imports bin-level data and construct BinData class object. mosaicsFit method fits a MO-SAiCS model using BinData class object and constructs MosaicsFit class object. mosaicsPeak method calls peaks using MosaicsFit class object and construct MosaicsPeak class object. MosaicsPeak class object can be exported as text files or transformed into data frame, which can be used for the downstream analysis. This package also provides methods for simple exploratory analysis.

The mosaics package companion website, http://www.stat.wisc.edu/~keles/Software/mosaics/, provides preprocessing scripts, preprocessed files for diverse reference genomes, and easy-to-follow instructions. We encourage questions or requests regarding mosaics package to be posted on our Google group, http://groups.google.com/group/mosaics_user_group. Please check the vignette for further details on the mosaics package and these websites.

Author(s)

Dongjun Chung, Pei Fen Kuan, Sunduz Keles

Maintainer: Dongjun Chung <chungdon@stat.wisc.edu>

References

Kuan, PF, D Chung, G Pan, JA Thomson, R Stewart, and S Keles (2011), "A Statistical Framework for the Analysis of ChIP-Seq Data", *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, Vol. 106, pp. 891-903.

BinData-class

See Also

constructBins, readBins, mosaicsFit, mosaicsPeak, BinData, MosaicsFit, MosaicsPeak.

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(mosaicsExample)
exampleBinData <- readBins( type=c("chip","input"),</pre>
    fileName=c( system.file("extdata/chip_chr21.txt", package="mosaicsExample"),
    system.file("extdata/input_chr21.txt", package="mosaicsExample") ) )
exampleBinData
print(exampleBinData)[1:10, ]
plot(exampleBinData)
plot( exampleBinData, plotType="input" )
exampleFit <- mosaicsFit( exampleBinData, analysisType="IO" )</pre>
exampleFit
plot(exampleFit)
estimates(exampleFit)
examplePeak <- mosaicsPeak( exampleFit, signalModel = "2S", FDR = 0.05 )</pre>
examplePeak
print(examplePeak)[1:10, ]
export( examplePeak, type = "txt", filename = "./TSpeakList.txt" )
export( examplePeak, type = "bed", filename = "./TSpeakList.bed" )
export( examplePeak, type = "gff", filename = "./TSpeakList.gff" )
## End(Not run)
```

BinData-class Class "BinData"

Description

This class represents bin-level ChIP-seq data.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("BinData", ...).

Slots

chrID: Object of class "character", a vector of chromosome IDs.

coord: Object of class "numeric", a vector of genomic coordinates.

tagCount: Object of class "numeric", a vector of tag counts of ChIP sample.

mappability: Object of class "numeric", a vector of mappability score.

gcContent: Object of class "numeric", a vector of GC content score.

input: Object of class "numeric", a vector of tag counts of matched control sample.

dataType: Object of class "character", indicating how reads were processed. Possible values are "unique" (only uniquely aligned reads were retained) and "multi" (reads aligned to multiple locations were also retained).

Methods

- plot signature(x = "BinData", y = "missing", plotType = NULL): provide exploratory plots
 of mean ChIP tag counts. This method plots mean ChIP tag counts versus mappability score,
 GC content score, and Control tag counts, with 95% confidence intervals, for plotType="M",
 plotType="GC", and plotType="input", respectively. plotType="M|input" and plotType="GC|input"
 provide plots of mean ChIP tag counts versus mappability and GC content score, respectively,
 conditional on Control tag counts. If plotType is not specified, this method plots histogram
 of ChIP tag counts.

print signature(x = "BinData"): return bin-level data in data frame format.

show signature(object = "BinData"): provide brief summary of the object.

Author(s)

Dongjun Chung, Pei Fen Kuan, Sunduz Keles

References

Kuan, PF, D Chung, G Pan, JA Thomson, R Stewart, and S Keles (2011), "A Statistical Framework for the Analysis of ChIP-Seq Data", *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, Vol. 106, pp. 891-903.

See Also

readBins, mosaicsFit.

Examples

```
showClass("BinData")
## Not run:
library(mosaicsExample)
data(exampleBinData)
exampleBinData
print(exampleBinData)[1:10,]
plot(exampleBinData, plotType="M" )
plot( exampleBinData, plotType="GC" )
plot( exampleBinData, plotType="input" )
plot( exampleBinData, plotType="CC" )
plot( exampleBinData, plotType="Input" )
plot( exampleBinData, plotType="CC" )
plot( exampleBinData, plotType="CC" )
## End(Not run)
```

constructBins

Description

Preprocess and construct bin-level ChIP-sep data from an aligned read file.

Usage

```
constructBins( infile=NULL, fileFormat=NULL, outfileLoc="./",
    byChr=FALSE, excludeChr=NULL,
    fragLen=200, binSize=200, capping=0, perl = "perl" )
```

Arguments

infile	Name of the aligned read file to be processed.
fileFormat	Format of the aligned read file to be processed. Currently, constructBins permits the following aligned read file formats: "eland_result" (Eland result), "eland_extended" (Eland extended), "eland_export" (Eland export), "bowtie" (default Bowtie), "sam" (SAM), and "bed" (BED).
outfileLoc	Directory of processed bin-level files. By default, processed bin-level files are exported to the current directory.
byChr	Construct separate bin-level file for each chromosome? Possible values are TRUE or FALSE. If byChr=FALSE, bin-level data for all chromosomes are exported to one file. If byChr=TRUE, bin-level data for each chromosome is exported to a separate file. Default is FALSE.
excludeChr	Vector of chromosomes that will be excluded from the analysis.
fragLen	Average fragment length. Default is 200.
binSize	Size of bins. Default is 200.
capping	Maximum number of reads allowed to start at each nucleotide position. To avoid potential PCR amplification artifacts, the maximum number of reads that can start at a nucleotide position is capped at capping. Capping is not applied if non-positive value is used for capping. Default is 0 (no capping).
perl	Name of the perl executable to be called. Default is "perl".

Details

Bin-level files are constructed from the aligned read file and exported to the directory specified in outfileLoc argument. If byChr=FALSE, bin-level files are named as [infileName]_fragL[fragLen]_bin[binSize]. If byChr=TRUE, bin-level files are named as [infileName]_fragL[fragLen]_bin[binSize]_[chrID].txt, where chrID is chromosome IDs that reads align to. These chromosome IDs are extracted from the aligned read file. Chromosomes that are specified in excludeChr will not be included in the processed bin-level files. Constructed bin-level files can be loaded into the R environment using the method readBins.

constructBins currently supports the following aligned read file formats: Eland result ("eland_result"), Eland extended ("eland_extended"), Eland export ("eland_export"), default Bowtie ("bowtie"), SAM ("sam"), and BED ("bed"). This method assumes that these aligned read files are obtained from single-end tag (SET) experiments and it retains only reads mapping uniquely to the reference genome.

Value

Processed bin-level files are exported to the directory specified in outfileLoc.

Author(s)

Dongjun Chung, Pei Fen Kuan, Sunduz Keles

References

Kuan, PF, D Chung, JA Thomson, R Stewart, and S Keles (2011), "A Statistical Framework for the Analysis of ChIP-Seq Data", *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, Vol. 106, pp. 891-903.

See Also

readBins,BinData.

Examples

```
## Not run:
constructBins( infile="/scratch/eland/STAT1_eland_results.txt",
    fileFormat="eland_result", outfileLoc="/scratch/eland/",
    byChr=FALSE, excludeChr="chrM", fragLen=200, binSize=200, capping=0 )
```

End(Not run)

estimates

Extract estimates of the fitted MOSAiCS model

Description

Extract estimates from MosaicsFit class object, which is a fitted MOSAiCS model.

Usage

```
estimates( object, ... )
## S4 method for signature 'MosaicsFit'
estimates( object )
```

Arguments

object	Object of class MosaicsFit, which represents a fitted MOSAiCS model obtained using method mosaicsFit.
	Other parameters to be passed through to generic estimates.

estimates

Value

Returns a list with components:

pi0	Mixing proportion of background component.
а	Parameter for background component.
betaEst	Parameter for background component (coefficient estimates).
muEst	Parameter for background component.
b	Parameter for one-signal-component model.
с	Parameter for one-signal-component model.
p1	Parameter for two-signal-component model (mixing proportion of signal components).
b1	Parameter for two-signal-component model (the first signal component).
c1	Parameter for two-signal-component model (the first signal component).
b2	Parameter for two-signal-component model (the second signal component).
c2	Parameter for two-signal-component model (the second signal component).
analysisType	Analysis type. Possible values are "OS" (one-sample analysis), "TS" (two-sample analysis using mappability and GC content), and "IO" (two-sample analysis without using mappability and GC content).

Author(s)

Dongjun Chung, Pei Fen Kuan, Sunduz Keles

References

Kuan, PF, D Chung, JA Thomson, R Stewart, and S Keles (2011), "A Statistical Framework for the Analysis of ChIP-Seq Data", *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, Vol. 106, pp. 891-903.

See Also

mosaicsFit, MosaicsFit.

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(mosaicsExample)
data(exampleFit)
```

estimates(exampleFit)

End(Not run)

export

Description

Export peak calling results to text files in TXT, BED, or GFF file formats.

Usage

```
export(object, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'MosaicsPeak'
export( object, type=NA, filename=NA )
```

Arguments

object	$Object of class {\tt MosaicsPeak}, peak calling results obtained using method {\tt mosaicsPeak}.$
type	Format of the exported file. Possible values are "txt", "bed", and "gff". See Details.
filename	Name of the exported file.
	Other parameters to be passed through to generic export.

Details

TXT file format (type="txt") exports peak calling results in the most informative way. Columns include chromosome ID, peak start position, peak end position, peak width, average posterior probability, minimum posterior probability, average ChIP tag count, maximum ChIP tag count (always), average input tag count, average input tag count scaled by sequencing depth, average log base 2 ratio of ChIP over input tag counts (if matched control sample is also provided), average mappability score, and average GC content score (when mappability and GC content scores are used in the analysis) in each peak. type="bed" and type="gff" export peak calling results in standard BED and GFF file formats, respectively, where score is the average ChIP tag counts in each peak. If no peak is detected, export method will not generate any file.

Author(s)

Dongjun Chung, Pei Fen Kuan, Sunduz Keles

References

Kuan, PF, D Chung, JA Thomson, R Stewart, and S Keles (2011), "A Statistical Framework for the Analysis of ChIP-Seq Data", *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, Vol. 106, pp. 891-903.

See Also

mosaicsPeak, MosaicsPeak.

mosaicsFit

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(mosaicsExample)
data(exampleFit)
examplePeak <- mosaicsPeak( exampleFit, signalModel = "2S", FDR = 0.05 )
export( examplePeak, type = "txt", filename = "./TSpeakList.txt" )
export( examplePeak, type = "bed", filename = "./TSpeakList.bed" )
export( examplePeak, type = "gff", filename = "./TSpeakList.gff" )
## End(Not run)
```

mosaicsFit

Fit MOSAiCS model

Description

Fit one-sample or two-sample MOSAiCS models with one signal component and two signal components.

Usage

Arguments

object	Object of class BinData, bin-level ChIP-seq data imported using method readBins.
analysisType	Analysis type. Possible values are "OS" (one-sample analysis), "TS" (two- sample analysis using mappability and GC content), and "IO" (two-sample anal- ysis without using mappability and GC content). If analysisType="automatic", this method tries to make the best guess for analysisType, based on the data provided.
bgEst	Parameter to determine background estimation approach. Possible values are "matchLow" (estimation using bins with low tag counts) and "rMOM" (estimation using robust method of moment (MOM)). If bgEst="automatic", this method tries to make the best guess for bgEst, based on the data provided.
k	Parameter for estimating background distribution. It is not recommended for users to change this value.
meanThres	Parameter for estimating background distribution. Default is 1 for analysisType="TS" and 0 for analysisType="0S". Not relevant when analysisType="10".
S	Parameter for estimating background distribution. Relevant only when analysisType="TS". Default is 2.
d	Parameter for estimating background distribution. Relevant only when analysisType="TS" or analysisType="10". Default is 0.25.
truncProb	Parameter for estimating background distribution. Relevant only when analysisType="I0".

mosaicsFit

parallel	Utilize multiple CPUs for parallel computing using "parallel" package? Possible values are TRUE (utilize multiple CPUs) or FALSE (do not utilize multiple CPUs). Default is FALSE (do not utilize multiple CPUs).
nCore	Number of CPUs when parallel computing is utilized.
	Other parameters to be passed through to generic mosaicsFit.

Details

The imported data type constraints the analysis that can be implemented. If only data for ChIP sample and matched control sample (i.e., either type=c("chip", "input") or type=c("chip", "input", "N") was used in method readBins), only two-sample analysis without using mappability and GC content (analysisType="IO") is allowed. If matched control data is available with mappability score, GC content score, and sequence ambiguity score, (i.e., type=c("chip", "input", "M", "GC", "N") was used in method readBins), user can do all of three analysis types (analysisType="OS", analysisType="TS", or analysisType="IO"). If there is no data for matched control sample (i.e., type=c("chip", "M", "GC", "N") was used in method readBins), only one-sample analysis (analysisType="OS") is permitted.

Parallel computing can be utilized for faster computing if parallel=TRUE and parallel package is loaded. nCore determines number of CPUs used for parallel computing. meanThres, s, d, and truncProb are the tuning parameters for estimating background distribution. The vignette and Kuan et al. (2011) provide further details about these tuning parameters. Please do not try different value for k argument.

Value

Construct MosaicsFit class object.

Author(s)

Dongjun Chung, Pei Fen Kuan, Sunduz Keles

References

Kuan, PF, D Chung, JA Thomson, R Stewart, and S Keles (2011), "A Statistical Framework for the Analysis of ChIP-Seq Data", *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, Vol. 106, pp. 891-903.

See Also

readBins, MosaicsFit.

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(mosaicsExample)
data(exampleBinData)
```

exampleFit <- mosaicsFit(exampleBinData, analysisType="IO", bgEst="automatic")</pre>

End(Not run)

MosaicsFit-class Class "MosaicsFit"

Description

This class represents MOSAiCS model fit.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("MosaicsFit", ...).

Slots

mosaicsEst: Object of class "MosaicsFitEst", representing estimates of MOSAiCS model fit.

- mosaicsParam: Object of class "MosaicsFitParam", representing tuning parameters for fitting MOSAiCS model.
- chrID: Object of class "character", a vector of chromosome IDs.

coord: Object of class "numeric", a vector of genomic coordinates.

tagCount: Object of class "numeric", a vector of tag counts of ChIP sample.

- bic1S: Object of class "numeric", Bayesian Information Criterion (BIC) value of one-signalcomponent model.
- bic2S: Object of class "numeric", Bayesian Information Criterion (BIC) value of two-signalcomponent model.

Methods

estimates signature(object = "MosaicsFit"): extract estimates from MOSAiCS model fit. mosaicsPeak signature(object = "MosaicsFit"): call peaks using MOSAiCS model fit. plot signature(x = "MosaicsFit", y = "missing"): draw Goodness of Fit (GOF) plot. print signature(x = "MosaicsFit"): (not supported yet) show signature(object = "MosaicsFit"): provide brief summary of the object.

Author(s)

Dongjun Chung, Pei Fen Kuan, Sunduz Keles

References

Kuan, PF, D Chung, JA Thomson, R Stewart, and S Keles (2010), "A Statistical Framework for the Analysis of ChIP-Seq Data", To appear in *Journal of the American Statistical Association* (http://pubs.amstat.org/doi/abs/10.1198/jasa.2011.ap09706).

See Also

mosaicsFit, mosaicsPeak, estimates.

Examples

```
showClass("MosaicsFit")
## Not run:
library(mosaicsExample)
data(exampleFit)
exampleFit
plot(exampleFit)
estimates(exampleFit)
examplePeak <- mosaicsPeak( exampleFit, signalModel = "2S", FDR = 0.05 )
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

mosaicsPeak

Call peaks using fitted MOSAiCS model

Description

Call peaks using MosaicsFit class object, which is a fitted MOSAiCS model.

Usage

Arguments

object	Object of class MosaicsFit, a fitted MOSAiCS model obtained using function mosaicsFit.
signalModel	Signal model. Possible values are "1S" (one-signal-component model) and "2S" (two-signal-component model). Default is "2S".
FDR	False discovery rate. Default is 0.05.
binsize	Size of each bin. Value should be positive integer. If binsize=NA, mosaicsPeak function calcuates the value from data. Default is NA.
maxgap	Initial nearby peaks are merged if the distance (in bp) between them is less than maxgap. Default is 200.
minsize	An initial peak is removed if its width is narrower than minsize. Default is 50.
thres	A bin within initial peak is removed if its ChIP tag counts are less than thres. Default is 10.
	Other parameters to be passed through to generic mosaicsPeak.

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Details

When peaks are called, proper signal model needs to be specified. The optimal choice for the number of signal components depends on the characteristics of ChIP-seq data. In order to support users in the choice of optimal signal model, Bayesian Information Criterion (BIC) values and Goodness of Fit (GOF) plot are provided for the fitted MOSAiCS model. BIC values and GOF plot can be obtained by applying show and plot methods, respectively, to the MosaicsFit class object, which is a fitted MOSAiCS model. maxgap, minsize, and three are for refining initial peaks called using specified signalModel and FDR.

If you use a bin size shorter than the average fragment length of the experiment, we recommend to set maxgap to the average fragment length and minsize to the bin size. If you set the bin size to the average fragment length or if bin size is larger than the average fragment length, set maxgap to the average fragment length and minsize to a value smaller than the average fragment length. See the vignette for further details.

Value

Construct MosaicsPeak class object.

Author(s)

Dongjun Chung, Pei Fen Kuan, Sunduz Keles

References

Kuan, PF, D Chung, G Pan, JA Thomson, R Stewart, and S Keles (2011), "A Statistical Framework for the Analysis of ChIP-Seq Data", *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, Vol. 106, pp. 891-903.

See Also

mosaicsFit, MosaicsPeak, MosaicsFit.

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(mosaicsExample)
data(exampleFit)
examplePeak <- mosaicsPeak( exampleFit, signalModel = "2S", FDR = 0.05 )</pre>
```

End(Not run)

MosaicsPeak-class Class "MosaicsPeak"

Description

This class represents peak calling results.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("MosaicsPeak", ...).

Slots

peakList: Object of class "data.frame", representing peak list.

peakParam: Object of class "MosaicsPeakParam", representing parameters for peak calling.

bdBin: Object of class "numeric", representing a vector of bounded bins.

empFDR: Object of class "numeric", representing empirical FDR.

Methods

export signature(object = "MosaicsPeak"): export peak list into text files.
print signature(x = "MosaicsPeak"): return peak list in data frame format.
show signature(object = "MosaicsPeak"): provide brief summary of the object.

Author(s)

Dongjun Chung, Pei Fen Kuan, Sunduz Keles

References

Kuan, PF, D Chung, G Pan, JA Thomson, R Stewart, and S Keles (2011), "A Statistical Framework for the Analysis of ChIP-Seq Data", *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, Vol. 106, pp. 891-903.

See Also

mosaicsPeak, export.

Examples

```
showClass("MosaicsPeak")
## Not run:
library(mosaicsExample)
data(exampleFit)
examplePeak <- mosaicsPeak( exampleFit, signalModel = "2S", FDR = 0.05 )
examplePeak
print(examplePeak)[1:10, ]
export( examplePeak, type = "txt", filename = "./TSpeakList.txt" )
export( examplePeak, type = "bed", filename = "./TSpeakList.bed" )
export( examplePeak, type = "gff", filename = "./TSpeakList.gff" )
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
mosaicsRunAll
```

Analyze ChIP-seq data using the MOSAiCS framework

Description

Construct bin-level ChIP-sep data from aligned read files of ChIP and matched control samples, fit a MOSAiCS model, call peaks, export peak calling results, and generate reports for diagnostics.

mosaicsRunAll

Usage

```
mosaicsRunAll(
    chipFile=NULL, chipFileFormat=NULL,
    controlFile=NULL, controlFileFormat=NULL,
    binfileDir=NULL,
    peakFile=NULL, peakFileFormat=NULL,
    reportSummary=FALSE, summaryFile=NULL,
    reportExploratory=FALSE, exploratoryFile=NULL,
    reportGOF=FALSE, gofFile=NULL,
    byChr=FALSE, excludeChr=NULL,
    FDR=0.05, fragLen=200, binSize=200, capping=0, bgEst="automatic", d=0.25,
    signalModel="BIC", maxgap=200, minsize=50,
    thres=10, parallel=FALSE, nCore=8 )
```

Arguments

chipFile	Name of the aligned read file of ChIP sample to be processed.
chipFileFormat	Format of the aligned read file of ChIP sample to be processed. Currently, mosaicsRunAll permits the following aligned read file formats: "eland_result" (Eland result), "eland_extended" (Eland extended), "eland_export" (Eland export), "bowtie" (default Bowtie), "sam" (SAM), "bed" (BED), and "csem" (CSEM BED). Note that "csem" does not mean CSEM output file format, but CSEM BED file format.
controlFile	Name of the aligned read file of matched control sample to be processed.
controlFileForm	nat
	Format of the aligned read file of matched control sample to be processed. Cur- rently, mosaicsRunAll permits the following aligned read file formats: "eland_result" (Eland result), "eland_extended" (Eland extended), "eland_export" (Eland export), "bowtie" (default Bowtie), "sam" (SAM), "bed" (BED), and "csem" (CSEM BED). Note that "csem" does not mean CSEM output file format, but CSEM BED file format.
binfileDir	Directory to store processed bin-level files.
peakFile	Name of the peak list generated from the analysis.
peakFileFormat	Format of the peak list generated from the analysis. Possible values are "txt", "bed", and "gff".
reportSummary	Report the summary of model fitting and peak calling? Possible values are TRUE (YES) and FALSE (NO). Default is FALSE (NO).
summaryFile	File name of the summary report of model fitting and peak calling. The summary report is a text file.
reportExplorate	bry
	Report the exploratory analysis plots? Possible values are TRUE (YES) and FALSE (NO). Default is FALSE (NO).
exploratoryFile	
	Name of the file for exploratory analysis plots. The exploratory analysis results are exported as a PDF file.
reportGOF	Report the goodness of fit (GOF) plots? Possible values are TRUE (YES) and FALSE (NO). Default is FALSE (NO).
gofFile	Name of the file for goodness of fit (GOF) plots. The GOF plots are exported as a PDF file.

byChr	Analyze ChIP-seq data for each chromosome separately or analyze it genome- wide? Possible values are TRUE (chromosome-wise) and FALSE (genome-wide). Default is FALSE (genome-wide analysis).
excludeChr	Vector of chromosomes that will be excluded from the analysis.
FDR	False discovery rate. Default is 0.05.
fragLen	Average fragment length. Default is 200.
binSize	Size of bins. Default is 200.
capping	Maximum number of reads allowed to start at each nucleotide position. To avoid potential PCR amplification artifacts, the maximum number of reads that can start at a nucleotide position is capped at capping. Capping is not applied if non-positive capping is used. Default is 0 (no capping).
bgEst	Parameter to determine background estimation approach. Possible values are "matchLow" (estimation using bins with low tag counts) and "rMOM" (estimation using robust method of moment (MOM)). If bgEst="automatic", this method tries to make the best guess for bgEst, based on the data provided.
d	Parameter for estimating background distribution. Default is 0.25.
signalModel	Signal model. Possible values are "BIC" (automatic model selection using BIC), "1S" (one-signal-component model), and "2S" (two-signal-component model). Default is "BIC".
maxgap	Initial nearby peaks are merged if the distance (in bp) between them is less than maxgap. Default is 200.
minsize	An initial peak is removed if its width is narrower than minsize. Default is 50.
thres	A bin within initial peak is removed if its ChIP tag counts are less than thres. Default is 10.
parallel	Utilize multiple CPUs for parallel computing using "parallel" package? Possible values are TRUE (use multiple CPUs) or FALSE (do not use multiple CPUs). Default is FALSE (do not use multiple CPUs).
nCore	Number of maximum number of CPUs used for the analysis. Default is 8.

Details

This method implements the work flow for the two-sample analysis of ChIP-seq data using the MO-SAiCS framework (without using mappability and GC content scores). It imports aligned read files of ChIP and matched control samples, processes them into bin-level files, fits MOSAiCS model, calls peaks, exports the peak lists to text files, and generates reports for diagnostics. This method is a wrapper function of constructBins, readBins, mosaicsFit, mosaicsPeak, export functions, and methods of BinData, MosaicsFit, and MosaicsPeak classes.

See the vignette of the package for the illustration of the work flow and the description of employed methods and their options. Exploratory analysis plots and goodness of fit (GOF) plots are generated using the methods plot of the classes BinData and MosaicsFit, respectively. See the help of constructBins for details of the options chipFileFormat, controlFileFormat, byChr, excludeChr, fragLen, binSize, and capping. See the help of mosaicsFit for details of the options bgEst and d. See the help of mosaicsPeak for details of the options FDR, signalModel, maxgap, minsize, and thres. See the help of export for details of the option peakFileFormat.

When the data contains multiple chromosomes, parallel computing can be utilized for faster preprocessing and model fitting if parallel=TRUE and parallel package is loaded. nCore determines number of CPUs used for parallel computing.

mosaicsRunAll

Value

Processed bin-level files are exported to the directory specified in binfileDir argument. If byChr=FALSE (genome-wide analysis), one bin-level file is generated for each of ChIP and matched control samples, where file names are [chipFile]_fragL[fragLen]_bin[binSize].txt and [controlFile]_fragL[fragLen]_bin[binSize].txt and [controlFile]_fragL[fragLen]_bin[binSize].txt and [controlFile]_fragL[fragLen]_bin[binSize].txt and [controlFile]_fragL[fragLen]_bin[binSize].txt and [controlFile]_fragL[fragLen]_bin[binSize]_[chrID].txt ([chrID] is chromosome IDs that reads align to). The peak list generated from the analysis are exported to the file with the name specified in peakFile. If reportSummary=TRUE, the summary of model fitting and peak calling is exported to the file with the name specified in summaryFile (text file). If reportSurp=TRUE, the goodness of fit (GOF) plots are exported to the file with the name specified in gofFile (PDF file).

Author(s)

Dongjun Chung, Pei Fen Kuan, Sunduz Keles

References

Kuan, PF, D Chung, G Pan, JA Thomson, R Stewart, and S Keles (2011), "A Statistical Framework for the Analysis of ChIP-Seq Data", *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, Vol. 106, pp. 891-903.

See Also

constructBins, readBins, mosaicsFit, mosaicsPeak, export, BinData, MosaicsFit, MosaicsPeak.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# minimal input (without any reports for diagnostics)
```

```
mosaicsRunAll(
    chipFile = "/scratch/eland/STAT1_eland_results.txt",
    chipFileFormat = "eland_result",
    controlFile = "/scratch/eland/input_eland_results.txt",
    controlFileFormat = "eland_result",
    binfileDir = "/scratch/bin/",
    peakFile = "/scratch/peak/STAT1_peak_list.bed",
    peakFileFormat = "bed" )
```

generate all reports for diagnostics

```
mosaicsRunAll(
    chipFile = "/scratch/eland/STAT1_eland_results.txt",
    chipFileFormat = "eland_result",
    controlFile = "/scratch/eland/input_eland_results.txt",
    controlFileFormat = "eland_result",
    binfileDir = "/scratch/bin/",
    peakFile = "/scratch/peak/STAT1_peak_list.bed",
    peakFileFormat = "bed",
    reportSummary = TRUE,
    summaryFile = "/scratch/reports/mosaics_summary.txt",
    reportExploratory = TRUE,
```

readBins

```
exploratoryFile = "/scratch/reports/mosaics_exploratory.pdf",
reportGOF = TRUE,
gofFile = "/scratch/reports/mosaics_GOF.pdf",
byChr = FALSE, excludeChr = "chrM", FDR = 0.05, fragLen = 200,
capping = 0, bgEst="automatic", parallel = FALSE, nCore = 8 )
```

End(Not run)

readBins

Import bin-level ChIP-sep data

Description

Import and preprocess all or subset of bin-level ChIP-sep data, including ChIP data, matched control data, mappability score, GC content score, and sequence ambiguity score.

Usage

Arguments

type	Character vector indicating data types to be imported. This vector can con- tain "chip" (ChIP data), "input" (matched control data), "M" (mappability score), "GC" (GC content score), and "N" (sequence ambiguity score). Currently, readBins permits only the following combinations: c("chip", "input"), c("chip", "input", c("chip", "input", "M", "GC", "N"), and c("chip", "M", "GC", "N"). Default is c("chip", "input").
fileName	Character vector of file names, each of which matches each element of type. type and fileName should have the same length and corresponding elements in two vectors should appear in the same order.
dataType	How reads were processed? Possible values are either "unique" (only uniquely aligned reads were retained) or "multi" (reads aligned to multiple locations were also retained).
rounding	How are mappability score and GC content score rounded? Default is 100 and this indicates rounding of mappability score and GC content score to the nearest hundredth.
parallel	Utilize multiple CPUs for parallel computing using "paralle" package? Possible values are TRUE (use multiple CPUs) or FALSE (do not use multiple CPUs). Default is FALSE (do not use multiple CPUs).
nCore	Number of CPUs when parallel computing is utilized.

Details

Bin-level ChIP and matched control data can be generated from the aligned read files for your samples using the method constructBins. In mosaics package companion website, http://www.stat.wisc.edu/~keles/Software/mosaics/, we provide preprocessed mappability score, GC content score, and sequence ambiguity score files for diverse reference genomes. Please check the website and the vignette for further details.

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readBins

The imported data type constraints the analysis that can be implemented. If type=c("chip", "input") or c("chip", "input", "N"), only two-sample analysis without using mappability and GC content is allowed. For type=c("chip", "input", "M", "GC", "N"), user can do the one- or two-sample analysis. If type=c("chip", "M", "GC", "N"), only one-sample analysis is permitted. See help page of mosaicsFit.

When the data contains multiple chromosomes, parallel computing can be utilized for faster preprocessing if parallel=TRUE and parallel package is loaded. nCore determines number of CPUs used for parallel computing.

Value

Construct BinData class object.

Author(s)

Dongjun Chung, Pei Fen Kuan, Sunduz Keles

References

Kuan, PF, D Chung, G Pan, JA Thomson, R Stewart, and S Keles (2011), "A Statistical Framework for the Analysis of ChIP-Seq Data", *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, Vol. 106, pp. 891-903.

See Also

constructBins, mosaicsFit, BinData.

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(mosaicsExample)
exampleBinData <- readBins( type=c("chip","input"),
    fileName=c( system.file("extdata/chip_chr21.txt", package="mosaicsExample"),
    system.file("extdata/input_chr21.txt", package="mosaicsExample") ) )
```

End(Not run)

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