Package 'DEXSeq'

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1 /
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Title Inference of differential exon usage in RNA-Seq
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Enhances multicore
Description The package is focused on finding differential exon usage using RNA-seq exon counts between samples with different experimental designs. It provides functions that allows the user to make the necessary statistical tests based on a model that uses the negative binomial distribution to estimate the variance between biological replicates and generalized linear models for testing. The package also provides functions for the visualization and exploration of the results.
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URL
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R topics documented:
counts

 2 counts

ExonCountSet-class	9
exonIDs	10
fitDispersionFunction	11
geneCountTable	11
geneIDs	12
makeCompleteDEUAnalysis	12
modelFrameForGene	14
newExonCountSet	15
plotDEXSeq	16
read.HTSeqCounts	17
sizeFactors	18
subsetByGenes	19
testForDEU	19
testGeneForDEU	20
	22
ts Accessors for the 'counts' slot of a EvonCountSet object	
	ExonCountSet-class exonIDs fitDispersionFunction geneCountTable geneIDs geneIDs makeCompleteDEUAnalysis modelFrameForGene newExonCountSet plotDEXSeq read.HTSeqCounts sizeFactors subsetByGenes testForDEU testGeneForDEU ts Accessors for the 'counts' slot of a ExonCountSet object.

Description

The counts slot holds the count data as a matrix of non-negative integer count values, one row for each observational unit (a counting bin, i.e., an exon or part of an exon), and one column for each sample.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ExonCountSet'
counts(object, normalized=FALSE)
## S4 replacement method for signature 'ExonCountSet,matrix'
counts(object) <- value</pre>
```

Arguments

object An ExonCountSet object.

normalized If TRUE, the counts will be normalized by the size factors.

value An integer matrix of counts, each row corresponding to an exon and each column

corresponding to a sample.

```
data("pasillaExons", package="pasilla")
head( counts( pasillaExons ) )
```

countTableForGene 3

Description

This function returns a matrix of non negative integers containing a count table for a specified geneID from an ExonCountSet object. The count table contains one row for every counting bin of the gene and a column for every sample.

Usage

```
countTableForGene(ecs, geneID, normalized=FALSE, withDispersion=FALSE)
```

Arguments

ecs An ExonCountSet.

geneID A geneID to get the count table.

normalized If TRUE, the raw counts will be normalized by the size factors.

withDispersion If TRUE, an extra column with the dispersion estimate used in the test will added

to the count table.

See Also

```
estimateSizeFactors
```

Examples

```
data("pasillaExons", package="pasilla")
pasillaExons <- estimateSizeFactors( pasillaExons )
countTableForGene(pasillaExons, "FBgn0085442", normalized=FALSE)</pre>
```

design Accessor function for the design annotation from a ExonCountSet object.

Description

The design vector is a factor or data frame that assigns to each column of the count data a condition (or treatment, or phenotype, or the like). This information is stored in the ExonCountSet's "phenoData" slot as a row.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ExonCountSet'
design(object, drop=TRUE, asAnnotatedDataFrame=FALSE)
## S4 replacement method for signature 'ExonCountSet'
design(object) <- value</pre>
```

4 DEUresultTable

Arguments

object An ExonCountSet

drop Indicates whether to return a single factor instead of a data frame in case of a

one-way design

 $as {\tt AnnotatedDataFrame}$

Indicates whether the result should be presented as an AnnotatedDataFrame.

value A vector or matrix with conditions for the samples, one row for each column in

the count data.

Author(s)

Simon Anders, sanders@fs.tum.de

Examples

```
library(DEXSeq)
data("pasillaExons", package="pasilla")
design( pasillaExons )
```

DEUresultTable

Get a result table from the analysis workflow.

Description

This function returns a data frame with the summary of the results from the analysis workflow. It accesses the fData slots with information of the dispersion estimates obtained from the function fitDispersionFunction, the p values, and adjusted p values obtained from the function testForDEU, and log2 fold changes obtained from the function estimatelog2FoldChanges.

Usage

```
DEUresultTable(ecs)
```

Arguments

ecs

An ExonCountSet object.

Value

A data frame with a summary of the analysis workflow.

```
## Not run:
    data("pasillaExons", package="pasilla")
    pasillaExons <- estimateSizeFactors( pasillaExons )
    pasillaExons <- estimateDispersions( pasillaExons )
    pasillaExons <- fitDispersionFunction( pasillaExons )
    pasillaExons <- testForDEU( pasillaExons )
    res <- DEUresultTable( pasillaExons )

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

DEXSeqHTML 5

DEXSeqHTML	HTML report writer	

Description

This function generates an HTML report from the results from testForDEU saved in an Exon-CountSet object. It uses the information from the function DEUresultTable and plotting from plotDEXSeq. This gives an easy way of exploring the results of the tests.

Usage

```
DEXSeqHTML(ecs, geneIDs=NULL, path="DEXSeqReport", file="testForDEU.html",
    fitExpToVar="condition", FDR=0.1, color=NULL, color.samples=NULL,
    mart="", filter="", attributes="", extraCols=NULL)
```

Arguments

ecs	An ExonCountSet object
geneIDs	A character vector of gene identificators to be included in the report. If left NULL, the genes included in the report will be the significant hits at the given false discovery rate. See "FDR" below.
path	A path in the system where to write the report.
file	The name of the html file.
fitExpToVar	A variable contained in the design of the ecs; the counts will be fitted to this variable to get the plotting values. (See plotDEXSeq for details.
FDR	A false discovery rate for the result.
color	A vector of colors, one for each of the levels of the values of "fitExpToVar".
color.samples	A vector of colors for each of the samples. If NULL, the colors of each sample will be asigned according to its corresponding condition. Useful to visualize complex experimental designs.
mart	object of class Mart, created with the useMart function, with dataset specified
filter	Filters (ONLY ONE) that should be used in the query. A possible list of filters can be retrieved using the function listFilters. Please note that the value of this filter will always be the geneIDs in the ExonCountSet object.
attributes	Attributes you want to retrieve. A possible list of attributes can be retrieved using the biomaRt function listAttributes.
extraCols	A data frame with one or more columns to add to the report. For example, additional information about the genes.

Value

This function will write an HTML report in the directory specified by 'path'. There, it will create an html file with the initial report page and a directory called "files" in which SCG files with the plots and other html files are placed. To see an example please visit http://www.embl.de/~reyes/DEXSeqReport/testForDEU.html.

6 estimateDispersions

See Also

hwrite

Examples

estimateDispersions

Estimate exon dispersions

Description

This function estimates the for each counting bin of the ExonCountSet object a dispersion value. It stores these values in fData(ecs)\$dispersionBeforeSharing.

Usage

Arguments

object An ExonCountSet object.

formula Formula used in the GLM to estimate the dispersion values. The terms in the

formula must be design columns of the ExonCountSet object, the l.h.s. must be

count.

initialGuess An initial guess for the dispersion values to initiate the optimization.

nCores Number of cores to be used to estimate the dispersions. The multicore package

must be loaded in order to spread the job onto several cores.

minCount Counting bins with less than 'minCount' counts (summed over all samples) are

skipped in the tests. This reduced computation time, as counting bins with very few countsare unlikely to give a significant signal anyway. For skipped counting

bins, the 'testable' column in fData is set to FALSE.

maxExon Genes with more than 'maxExon' counting bins will be skipped in the test. This

may be necessary because genes with very many counting bins may take extremely long in dispersion estimation and testing for differential exon usage.

quiet If TRUE, no progress report is shown. In case the session is not an interactive

session and progress report is wanted, include a file name in the parameter "file".

file A file name to write the progress reports. If file="", output will be written in the

standart output connection.

Details

For the dispersion estimation, we use the Cox-Reid conditional maximum likelihood method of Gordon Smyth et al., which they devised for the edgeR package.

Value

An ExonCountSet object with dispersion featureData(object)\$dispersion_CR_est) parameters filled).

Examples

```
## Not run:
    data("pasillaExons", package="pasilla")
    pasillaExons <- estimateSizeFactors( pasillaExons )
    pasillaExons <- estimateDispersions( pasillaExons )
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 $estimate {\tt ExonDispersions} For {\tt ModelFrame}$

Estimates exon dispersions

Description

This function calculates the individual dispersions for each counting bins for a single gene. It takes as input a model frame generated from the function modelFrameForGene.

Usage

```
estimate Exon Dispersions For Model Frame (model Frame, formula = NULL, mm = NULL, muhat = NULL, initial Guess = 0.01)
```

Arguments

modelFrame	Model frame provided by the function modelFrameForGene.
formula	Formula for the glm used to estimate the dispersions. The factors in the formula must be present in the column names of the model frame. If it is left NULL, the default formula used is "count ~ sample + condition * exon".
mm	A model matrix for the model frame. If NULL, a model matrix will be created from the parameters "formula" and "modelFrame".
muhat	Initial values for the coefficients in the optimization. If NULL, initial values will be calculated using with the dispersion value given by the parameter "initialGuess".
initialGuess	An initial guess of the dispersions to initiate the optimization.

Value

A vector of exon dispersions.

See Also

```
estimateDispersions
```

Examples

```
data("pasillaExons", package="pasilla")
pasillaExons <- estimateSizeFactors( pasillaExons )
estimateExonDispersionsForModelFrame(modelFrameForGene(pasillaExons, "FBgn0085442"))</pre>
```

estimatelog2FoldChanges

Fold changes (log2) from the fitted expression values in the GLM.

Description

This function calculates the fold changes (on log2 scale) between the different conditions. It calculates them from the coefficients of a GLM that fits the read counts to a variable of the experimental design specified by the user (see below, parameter "fitExpToVar").

Usage

Arguments

ecs	An ExonCountSet object.
fitExpToVar	A variable contained in design(ecs). The expression values will be fitted to this variable using the the formula "count ~ sample + fitExpToVar * exon".
nCores	Number of CPU cores to be used to estimate the dispersions. The multicore package need to be loaded beforehands to parallelize over several cores.
quiet	If TRUE, no progress report is shown. In case the session is not an interactive and progress report is wanted, add a file name below.
file	A file name to write the progress reports. If file="", output will be written to the standard output connection.

```
## Not run:
    data("pasillaExons", package="pasilla")
    pasillaExons <- estimateSizeFactors( pasillaExons )
    pasillaExons <- estimateDispersions( pasillaExons )
    pasillaExons <- fitDispersionFunction( pasillaExons )
    pasillaExons <- estimatelog2FoldChanges( pasillaExons )
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

estimateSizeFactors 9

estimateSizeFactors

Estimate the size factors for an ExonCountSet

Description

This function takes the count data from an ExonCountSet object (object), and estimates the size factors as follows: Each column (sample) is divided by the geometric means of the rows. The median of these ratios (skipping the genes with a geometric mean of zero) is used as the size factor for this column.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ExonCountSet'
estimateSizeFactors(object)
```

Arguments

object

An ExonCountSet object

Value

The ExonCountSet passed as parameters, with the size factors filled in.

Author(s)

Simon Anders, sanders@fs.tum.de

Examples

ExonCountSet-class

"ExonCountSet", a container for exon count data

Description

This is the principal class of DEXSeq package.

Objects from the Class

Objects must be created with the function newExonCountSet (q.v.), alternatively the user can call the function read. HTSeqCounts, which will call newExonCountset.

Extends

Class eSet (package 'Biobase'), directly. Class VersionedBiobase (package 'Biobase'), by class "eSet", distance 2. Class Versioned (package 'Biobase'), by class "eSet", distance 3.

10 exonIDs

Note

An ExonCountSet object stores the exon counts from high-throughput RNA sequencing experiments. It is the principal object of the DEXSeq package. Some of the slots can be added by the user (see details in newExonCountSet documentation) or alternatively, the user can fill some of the slots by using the HTSeq preprocessing steps and further calling read.HTSeqCounts, especially those with the exon annotation data. The other slots will be filled with the analysis.

The ExonCountSet object contains a matrix of non-negative integers which represents sequence counts, with each column representing a sample and and each row a counting bin (i.e., an exon or part of an exon). In the phenoData, the object contains information about the samples, e.g., size factors and design annotations are stored there. The user can also add more information about the other properties of the samples.

An ExonCountSet object can be created just by providing a count matrix, and two vectors of gene and exon identifiers of each of the rows in the matrix. Nevertheless, the visualization plots included in DEXSeq requires additional information about the exons (chromosome, strand, start, end). This information can be added directly after the creation of the ExonCountSet object. If read.HTSeqCounts is called to create an ExonCountSet object, this information of the phenoData is inserted directly.

The columns for size factors (in phenoData), dispersion estimates, pvalue and padjust in the feature-Data are filled later throughout the analysis, when the user calls estimateSizeFactors, estimateDispersions fitDispersionFunction, and testForDEU.

Examples

```
# See the vignette
```

exonIDs

Accessor for the exonIDs in an ExonCountSet object.

Description

This function is an accessor for the exon identifiers for each of the rows in the count table. Note that each exon ID identifies, strictly speaking, not an exon but a counting bin, which may well be just part of an exon. Make sure that the exon IDs are ordered alphanumerically in the gene.

Usage

```
exonIDs(ecs)
exonIDs(ecs) <- value</pre>
```

Arguments

ecs An ExonCountSet object.

value A vector of exon counting bin identifiers, one for each of the rows of the count

data.

```
library(DEXSeq)
    data("pasillaExons", package="pasilla")
exonIDs(pasillaExons)
```

fitDispersionFunction 11

fitDispersionFunction Fit the mean-variance function.

Description

This function fits a parametric model of the mean-dispersion relationship to the per-gene estimates of mean $\hat{\mu}$ and dispersion $\hat{\alpha}$. The parametric model is

$$\alpha(\mu) = \frac{\alpha_1}{\mu} + \alpha_0,$$

where μ is the mean, α the dispersion and α_1 and α_0 are two parameters. After this, for each exon, the maximum between the per-gene estimate $\hat{\alpha}$ and the modelled value $\hat{\alpha}_1/\hat{\mu} + \hat{\alpha}_0$ is stored in fData\$dispersion.

Usage

fitDispersionFunction(ecs)

Arguments

ecs

An ExonCountSet object.

Value

An ExonCountSet object with information of the fit included, as well as fData(ecs)\$dispersion filled.

Examples

geneCountTable

Makes a count table for genes.

Description

This function returns a count table where each row is a gene and each column is a sample, by adding up the values for each gene's individual counting bins.

Usage

```
geneCountTable(ecs)
```

Arguments

ecs

An ExonCountSet object.

See Also

DESeq

Examples

```
data("pasillaExons", package="pasilla")
head(geneCountTable(pasillaExons))
```

geneIDs

Accessor for the geneIDs in an ExonCountSet object.

Description

This function is an accessor for the gene identifiers for each of the rows in the count table.

Usage

```
geneIDs(ecs)
geneIDs(ecs) <- value</pre>
```

Arguments

ecs An ExonCountSet object.

value An factor of gene identifiers, one for each of the rows of the count data.

Examples

```
data("pasillaExons", package="pasilla")
head( geneIDs( pasillaExons ) )
```

makeCompleteDEUAnalysis

Complete differential exon usage analysis

Description

This function performs a complete differential exon usage analysis, calling all the necessary functions and giving back an ExonCountSet object with p values and p adjusted values.

Usage

Arguments

ecs An ExonCountSet object.

formulaDispersion

Formula used in the glm to calculate the dispersion values. The factors on the formula must be present in the design columns of the ExonCountSet object.

minCount Minimum number of counts on an exon for it to be considered in the tests. This

significantly increases the speed of the dispersion estimations and testing for differential exon usage. This is supported by the fact that small count exons are

less likely of being called significant, so it should not affect the results.

maxExon Genes with more exons than this value will be discarded from the analysis. This

is a speed issue. Currently, time of dispersion estimations and testing for differ-

ential exon usage increases with number of exons.

formula0 Formula for the NULL model to fit a the glm. The factors must be present in

the design columns of the ExonCountSet object. As it is tested for each of the exons, a factor exonID can be added to the formula, so that it will iterate over the exons of the gene fitting the glm for each of them. If it is left in NULL, the default formula is "count~sample+exon+condition" for the NULL model.

formula1 Same as formula0, but for the test model. If it is left in NULL, the default

formula will be "count~sample+exon+condition*I(exon==exonID)". If added a factor "exonID", it will iterate over each of the exons of the geneID, e.g. If a geneID contains exons E01, E02, E03,...,EN, and the function is left in the default formula, the function will fit N glms, the last part of the formula will change

in the iterations as follows: I(exon==E01), I(exon==E02), I(exon==E03),...,I(exon==EN).

FDR A false discovery rate used to indicate the significant exons.

fitExpToVar A variable contained in the design annotation of the ExonCountSet, the expres-

sion values will be fitted to this variable using the formula count~fitExpToVar*exon

using a model frame obtained from the function modelFrameForGene.

nCores Number of cores to be used to estimate the dispersions. multicore package must

be loaded in order to split the job in several cores.

path A path in the system where to write the report from DEXSeqHTML. If NULL, no

report will be created.

color A vector of colors for each of the levels from the factor in the design of the Ex-

onCountSet object indicated by "fitExpToVar". If path is NULL, this parameter

will be ignored.

color.samples A vector of colors for each of the samples. If NULL, the colors of each sample

will be asigned according to its corresponding level from "fitExpToVar". This option is useful to visualize complex experimental designs. If path is NULL,

this parameter will be ignored.

quiet If TRUE, no progress report is shown. In case the session is not an interactive

session and progress report is wanted, include a file name in the parameter "file".

file A file name to write the progress reports. If file="", output will be written in the

standart output connection.

Value

An object of class ExonCountSet.

14 modelFrameForGene

Examples

```
data("pasillaExons", package="pasilla")
formuladispersion <- count ~ sample + ( exon + type ) * condition
formula0 <- count ~ sample + type * exon + condition
formula1 <- count ~ sample + type * exon + condition * I(exon == exonID)
pasillaExons <- makeCompleteDEUAnalysis(pasillaExons,
    formulaDispersion=formuladispersion,
    formula0=formula0,
    formula1=formula1)</pre>
```

modelFrameForGene

Makes the model frame for a geneID.

Description

Creates a data frame containing the model frame for a gene with the columns sample, exon, size factors, their respective counts and the design annotation.

Usage

```
modelFrameForGene(ecs, geneID, onlyTestable=FALSE)
```

Arguments

ecs An ExonCountSet object.

geneID A gene identificator contained in the ExonCountSet object.

onlyTestable If TRUE, only the testable exons will be included in the model frame. Check

fData\$testable for more information.

Value

A data frame containing the model frame for a gene.

```
data("pasillaExons", package="pasilla")
modelFrameForGene(pasillaExons, "FBgn0085442")
```

newExonCountSet 15

Description

This function creates an ExonCountSet object from a matrix or data.frame of read counts.

Usage

Arguments

countData A matrix or data frame of count data of non-negative integer values. The rows

correspond to counts for each exon counting bin, the columns correspond to samples. Note that biological replicates should each get their own column, while the counts of technical replicates (i.e., several sequencing runs/lanes from the

same sample) should be summed up into a single column.

design A factor or data frame with the design annotation (e.g. treatments, or tissue

types, or phenotypes, or the like). The length of the factor (or rows in the data frame) has to be equal to the number of columns of the countData matrix, assigning a condition to each sample. If 'design' is not a factor, it will be converted

to one.

geneIDs A vector of gene identificators ordered according to its respective row in count-

Data. If the gene "x" has four exon counting bins and therefore four rows in countData, then "x" must be four times in the vector. If it is not a factor, it will

be converted to one.

exonIDs A character vector of exon identifiers ordered according to the rows in count-

Data. The identifiers names can be repeated between genes but not within genes.

exonIntervals A data frame with exon annotation information. The number of rows in the data

needs to be of the same length as the number of rows in countData. The columns names must contain the values "chr", "start", "end", "strand". This information

is only needed for the plotDEXSeq function, not for the actual tests.

transcripts A character vector of the same length as the rows of the count data containing,

for each row in countData, a concatenation of transcript IDs separated by the character ";". This means that if an exon is contained in the transcripts "A", "B" and "C", the field of the row corresponding to that exon should contain "A;B;C". This information is only needed for the plotDEXSeq function, not for the actual

tests.

Value

An object of class ExonCountSet.

See Also

read.HTSeqCounts

16 plotDEXSeq

Examples

```
data("pasillaExons", package="pasilla")
ecs <- newExonCountSet(
   countData=counts(pasillaExons),
   design=design(pasillaExons),
   geneIDs=geneIDs(pasillaExons),
   exonIDs=exonIDs(pasillaExons))</pre>
```

plotDEXSeq

Visualization of the fitted expression, fitted splicing or the normalized

counts.

Description

The function provides a plot to visualize read count data, the fitted expression, fitted splicing and the results of the test in testForDEU. The fitted values are obtained from fitting the counts values to a certain condition from the design annotation of the glm. See fitExpToVar parameter.

Usage

Arguments

ecs An ExonCountSet object. geneID ID of the gene to visualize.

FDR A false discovery rate used to indicate the significant exons.

fitExpToVar A variable contained in the design annotation of the ExonCountSet, the expres-

sion values will be fitted to this variable using the formula count ~ fitExpToVar * exon

using a model frame obtained from the function modelFrameForGene.

norCounts If TRUE, provides a plot of the counts normalized by the size factors.

expression If TRUE, the function plots the fitted EXPRESSION estimates from the glm

regression.

splicing If TRUE, the function plots the fitted SPLICING estimates from the glm regres-

sion.

displayTranscripts

If TRUE, the transcripts are displayed in the plot.

names If TRUE, the names of the transcripts are shown.

legend If TRUE, a legend is displayed.

color A vector of colors for each of the levels of the factor in the design of the Exon-

CountSet object indicated by "fitExpToVar".

color.samples A vector of colors for each of the samples. If NULL, the colors of each sample

will be assigned according to its corresponding level from "fitExpToVar". This

option is useful to visualize complex experimental designs.

... Further graphical parameters (see par).

read.HTSeqCounts 17

See Also

```
graphics, segments
```

Examples

read.HTSeqCounts

Read counts output from HTSeq script.

Description

This function reads the output files from the HTSeq python scripts dexseq_prepare_annotation.py and dexseq_count.py and gives back an ExonCountSet object.

Usage

```
read.HTSeqCounts(countfiles, design, flattenedfile=NULL)
```

Arguments

countfiles A string vector containing the output files with the paths from dexseq_count.py.

design A vector of factors with information corresponding to each of the countfiles or

a data frame design (each column with a factor and each row with its respective

sample. If strings are given, they will be converted to factors.

flattenedfile An flattened annotation gtf file generated by dexseq_prepare_annotation.py. It is

necessary for the visualization of the data but not required to test for alternative

exon usage.

Value

An ExonCount object.

18 sizeFactors

```
stringsAsFactors = TRUE,
  check.names = FALSE
)

annotationfile = file.path(inDir, "Dmel.BDGP5.25.62.DEXSeq.chr.gff")

## Not run:
  ecs = read.HTSeqCounts(countfiles = file.path(inDir, rownames(samples)),
      design = samples,
      flattenedfile = annotationfile)

## End(Not run)
```

sizeFactors

Accessor functions for the sizeFactors information in a ExonCountSet

Description

The sizeFactors vector assigns to each column of the count data a value, the size factor, such that count values in the columns can be brought to a common scale by dividing by the corresponding size factor.

Usage

```
## $4 method for signature 'ExonCountSet'
sizeFactors(object)
## $4 replacement method for signature 'ExonCountSet,numeric'
sizeFactors(object) <- value</pre>
```

Arguments

object An ExonCountSet

value a vector of number, one size factor for each column in the count data

Author(s)

Simon Anders, sanders@fs.tum.de

See Also

```
estimateSizeFactors
```

```
data("pasillaExons", package="pasilla")
pasillaExons <- estimateSizeFactors( pasillaExons )
sizeFactors(pasillaExons)</pre>
```

subsetByGenes 19

genes.	subsetByGenes	Making an ExonCountSet object from another one with a subset of its genes.
--------	---------------	--

Description

Generates a smaller ExonCountSet object containing a subset of genes from another ExonCountSet.

Usage

```
subsetByGenes(ecs, genes)
```

Arguments

ecs An ExonCountSet.

genes Subset of geneIDs used to generate the subset ExonCountSet.

Examples

```
data("pasillaExons", package="pasilla")
ecs <- subsetByGenes(pasillaExons, sample(unique(geneIDs(pasillaExons)), 10))</pre>
```

testForDEU Test fo

Test for Differential Exon Usage.

Description

This function tests for differential exon usage for each of the genes in the object. It stores the results in the fields fData(ecs)\$pvalue and fData(ecs)\$padjust.

Usage

```
testForDEU(ecs, formula0=NULL, formula1=NULL, nCores=1, quiet=FALSE, file="")
```

Arguments

ecs	An ExonCountSet object.
formula0	Formula for the null model to be used in the GLM fit. If no formula is given, the default count ~ sample + exon + condition is used. See below for details
formula1	Formula for the full model to be used in the GLM fit. If no formula is given, the default count \sim sample + exon + condition *I (exon==exonID) is used. See below for details.
nCores	Number of CPUcores to be used to estimate the dispersions. The multicore package must be loaded to use more than 1 core.
quiet	If TRUE, no progress report is shown. In case the session is not an interactive session and progress report is wanted. Change the name of the file.
file	A file name to write the progress reports. If file="", output will be written in the standard output connection.

20 testGeneForDEU

Details

The terms in the formulas must be columns of design(ecs). In addition, in formula1, the variable exonID is set to the ID of the currently tested exon counting bin.

See testGeneForDEU, which is called for each gene, for further details.

Value

An ExonCountSet object with fData(ecs)\$pvalue and fData(ecs)\$padjust data slots filled.

See Also

estimate Exon Dispersions For Model Frame

Examples

```
## Not run:
    data("pasillaExons", package="pasilla")
    pasillaExons <- estimateSizeFactors( pasillaExons )
    pasillaExons <- estimateDispersions( pasillaExons )
    pasillaExons <- fitDispersionFunction( pasillaExons )
    pasillaExons <- testForDEU( pasillaExons )

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

testGeneForDEU

Test a single gene for differential exon usage.

Description

This function first fits a GLM for the null model, then a GLM for the full model for each exon counting bin. Then, p values are derived with a chi-squared test from the deviance differences between the models.

Usage

```
testGeneForDEU( ecs, gene, formula0=NULL, formula1=NULL )
```

Arguments

ecs An ExonCountSet object.

gene The ID of the gene to be tested for differential exon usage.

formula 0 Formula for the null model. If NULL, the default "count ~ sample + exon + condition

is used.

formula1 Formula for the full model. If NULL, the default "count ~ sample + exon + condition * I(exo

is used.

testGeneForDEU 21

Details

The terms in the formulas must be columns of design(ecs). In addition, in formula1, the variable exonID is set to the ID of the currently tested exon counting bin, looping through all the counting bins

The GLMs are of the negative binomial family, using the dispersions from the dispersion column in fData(ecs).

Value

A data frame with columns "deviance", "df" (degrees of freedom) and pvalues from the test.

See Also

testForDEU

```
data("pasillaExons", package="pasilla")
pasillaExons <- estimateSizeFactors( pasillaExons )
pasillaExons <- estimateDispersions( pasillaExons )
pasillaExons <- fitDispersionFunction( pasillaExons )
testGeneForDEU(pasillaExons, "FBgn0085442")</pre>
```

Index

newExonCountSet, 9, 15

```
*Topic ExonCountSet
                                                 plotDEXSeq, 5, 16
    DEXSeqHTML, 5
                                                 read.HTSeqCounts, 9, 10, 15, 17
    estimatelog2FoldChanges, 8
    makeCompleteDEUAnalysis, 12
                                                 sizeFactors, 18
    newExonCountSet, 15
                                                 sizeFactors, ExonCountSet-method
    plotDEXSeq, 16
                                                          (sizeFactors), 18
    read.HTSeqCounts, 17
                                                 sizeFactors<-,ExonCountSet,numeric-method</pre>
                                                          (sizeFactors), 18
counts, 2
                                                 subsetByGenes, 19
counts, ExonCountSet-method (counts), 2
counts<-,ExonCountSet,matrix-method</pre>
                                                 testForDEU, 4, 5, 10, 16, 19
        (counts), 2
                                                 testGeneForDEU, 20, 20
countTableForGene, 3
design, 3
design, ExonCountSet-method (design), 3
design<-,ExonCountSet-method(design), 3</pre>
DEUresultTable, 4, 5
DEXSeqHTML, 5, 13
estimateDispersions, 6, 8, 10
estimateDispersions,ExonCountSet-method
        (estimateDispersions), 6
estimateExonDispersionsForModelFrame,
estimatelog2FoldChanges, 4, 8
estimateSizeFactors, 3, 9, 10, 18
estimateSizeFactors,ExonCountSet-method
        (estimateSizeFactors), 9
ExonCountSet-class, 9
exonIDs, 10
exonIDs<- (exonIDs), 10
fData, 4
fitDispersionFunction, 4, 10, 11
geneCountTable, 11
geneIDs, 12
geneIDs<- (geneIDs), 12
makeCompleteDEUAnalysis, 12
modelFrameForGene, 7, 13, 14, 16
```